

In export trade *per capita*, Canada stood third in 1922 among the principal exporting countries, as compared with seventh in 1913. In the latter year the Dominion was surpassed only by New Zealand and Australia. The figures follow:—

Calendar Year 1913.		Calendar Year 1922.	
Countries.	\$ cts.	Countries.	\$ cts.
Netherlands.....	201 71	New Zealand.....	153 10
New Zealand.....	97 01	Australia.....	100 96
Belgium.....	92 55	<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>100 63</b>
Australia.....	74 78	Switzerland.....	87 44
Switzerland.....	70 25	Denmark.....	76 40
Denmark.....	61 55	Argentina.....	74 55
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>57 95</b>	Netherlands.....	69 82
United Kingdom.....	55 52	United Kingdom.....	69 36
Argentina.....	53 61	Belgium.....	63 02
Sweden.....	39 05	Sweden.....	52 31
Germany.....	36 22	France.....	43 70
France.....	33 53	Union of South Africa.....	38 13
United States.....	25 23	United States.....	34 39

*Current Trend Tables.*—Tables 12 and 13 are the great detailed tables of exports and imports, published, as in former years, for the last four fiscal years. In Tables 14, 15 and 16, the recent external trade of Canada is analyzed according to main classes, degree of manufacture and purpose for which commodities are used. Imports and customs duties collected are shown by provinces and ports of entry in Table 17, imports under different tariffs in Table 18, and our external trade is analyzed by countries in Tables 19 to 21. Values of merchandise imported from and exported to other countries *via* the United States are given in Table 22. The historical and recent trend of Canadian trade with the British and foreign West Indies is covered in Tables 23 to 25. Tables 26 and 27 show respectively British imports and United States exports of food commodities, and are included for the purpose of giving our traders information concerning the imports of their great customer and the exports of their great competitor.